WP4 session – 26/11/2013 –Ghent
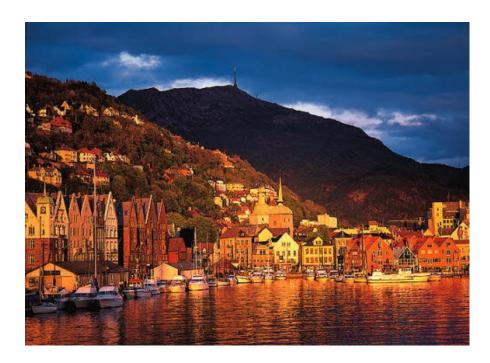
Learning network ofGothenburg

http://www.visitbergen.com/en/

- Pop size 268.950

- Second largest city in Norway ,

- The rainiest city in Europe
  (269 days of rainfall in 2012),

- Northern Europe's largest cruise ports , (gateway to the fjords),

- Oil and gas, together with fish and maritime, are main industries

- Climate Action Plan since 2000, SEAP 2010, by 2030 there will be a 50 % reduction in CO_2 emissions compared to 1991.

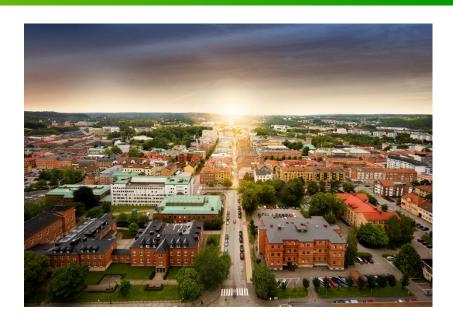- Risk and vulnerability analysis of the effects of climate change

- Pop size 66 273 (105 000),

- 60 km west of Gothenburg

  (second city in West Sweden) ,

- Swedish centre for textiles and clothing industries,

- Covenant of Mayors signature 2009, but no SEAP yet.

- Environmental action plan 2013-2016.

- By 2020 there will be a 20 % reduction of energy use and CO_2

  emissions, compared to 1990.

- Vision of a "Sustainable Borås in 2025"

- Pop size 280.415

- Third city in Sweden (pop.),

- Commercial centre of southern Sweden,

- Logistics, retail and wholesale trade, construction, and real estate,

- Many international awards for its focus on sustainable city development,

- SEAP 2009, by 2020 there will be a 20 % reduction in energy consumption, and further 20 % by 2030 compared to 2001-2005,

- Climate neutral by 2020, by 2030 100 % renewable energy,

- A lack of business models that encourages long term investments
- Collect and use correct data, monitoring
- Knowledge in the building sector
- Transportation and mobility issues
- Different actors within the city sub-optimizes
- Cooperation around complex issues such as transport and energy is hard to achieve
- Who are responsible for energy issues
- Visualizing energy

- Trajectories for coaching -
workshops, seminars, joint project, advisory group, debate articles
- Themes:
  - Communication
  - Mutual SEAP - Comprehensive planning
  - Energy mapping (Data, indicators)
  - Energy planning (model andmatrix)
  - Innovation projects
  - Visualization